BROCHURE Size: 5.5" x 7.5" folded



#### My doctor gave me my DetermaRx results. What do I do next?

Discuss your **DetermaRx** results with your care team. Together, you and your doctor can decide if additional treatment is right for you.

Questions? Contact Oncocyte at: **1-844-ONCOCYTE** (1-844-662-6298)

NOTES:

# 

## Understanding Your DetermaRx<sup>™</sup> Results \_\_\_\_\_



#### References

- 1. Detterbeck, et al. (2017) The eighth edition lung cancer stage classification. CHEST 151:193-203
- Woodard, et al. (2018) Adjuvant chemotherapy guided by molecular profiling and improved outcomes in early stage, non-small cell lung cancer. Clin Lung Cancer 19:58-64
- Kratz, et al. (2012) A practical molecular assay to predict survival in resected non-squamous, non-small cell lung cancer: development and international studies. Lancet 379:823-32
- Kratz, et al. (2012) A prognostic assay to identify patients at high risk of mortality despite small, node-negative lung tumors. JAMA 308:1629-31

**ONCOCYTE** 

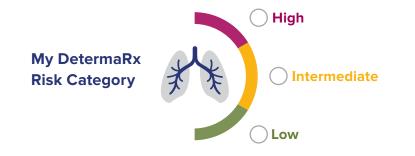
www.oncocyte.com



### My DetermaRx Results

#### Why did my doctor order this test?

Your doctor ordered the **DetermaRx** test to provide more information about your individual lung cancer. Even after surgical removal of early-stage lung cancer, it is thought that cancer will return for 30-50% of patients.<sup>1</sup>



**DetermaRx** provides a means of assessing how likely it is that your cancer will come back after surgery. This information can help you and your doctor design a treatment plan that is personalized for you.

The test analyzed the genes in your tumor to classify your cancer as having a low-, intermediate-, or high-risk of returning. Patients who have an intermediate- or high-risk on the **DetermaRx** test may benefit

## What Do My Results Mean?

from chemotherapy to reduce the risk of their cancer coming back.<sup>2</sup>

**DetermaRx** has been validated in multiple studies to identify patients with stage I-IIA non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer that are at higher risk for disease recurrence and therefore most likely to benefit from adjuvant chemotherapy.<sup>2-4</sup>

Many factors affect the risk of your cancer coming back. A low-risk result does not mean that there is no chance of your cancer returning. An intermediate- or high-risk result does not mean that your cancer will definitely come back without additional treatment. The decision to have additional treatment will depend on your unique situation and personal preference.



## -ONCOCYTE